

**ADDENDUM TO THE STORMWATER  
MANAGEMENT,  
GROUNDWATER RECHARGE AND  
WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS**

**For**

**BPS Development Company, LLC**

**Proposed Assisted Living & Memory Care Facility**

**Hartwick Drive & Village Drive  
Block 28003, Lot 211  
Township of Montgomery, Somerset County, NJ**

**Prepared by:**



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A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Jeffrey S. Haberman', is written over a horizontal line.

**Jeffrey S. Haberman, PE, PP  
NJ Professional Engineer License #53560**

**February 2023  
DEC# 4496-22-01857**

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## ***I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY***

The subject site is located at the intersection of Hartwick Drive and Village Drive in the Township of Montgomery, Somerset County, New Jersey. The site is identified as Block 28003, Lot 211 on the Township of Montgomery Tax Map Sheet #55.02. The subject site is currently undeveloped, and consists mainly of gravel and open space with a portion of the south eastern side of the property consisting of wooded area. Furthermore, an existing detention basin is located on the northern portion of the site which was previously designed and approved as a stormwater management facility for the larger Tapestry drainage area. The site is bounded by residential/open space to the north, residential to the west, and townhomes in construction to the south and east. The existing conditions of the site have been verified by the ALTA/NSPS Land Title Survey as prepared by Dynamic Survey, dated 11/02/2022.

The scope of the study includes the proposed development of the parcel with one new assisted living and memory care facility with accompanying lighting, landscaping, grading, walkways, driveways, utilities, parking, and associated items.

## ***II. DESIGN OVERVIEW***

The purpose of this Stormwater Management Addendum is to address the review comments provided per the 1/31/23 Montgomery Township Engineering Review Letter prepared by Rakesh R. Darji, PE, PP, CME and the 1/11/23 Somerset-Union-SCD review letter. Specifically, this report provides a narrative and supplemental calculations for the following:

- Supporting calculations for the relocated grass swale waterway are provided within the appendix of this report. Please note that the swale has been designed in accordance with chapter 18 of the Standards for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control in New Jersey.
- The Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Plan has been revised such that it matches the supporting calculations for the conduit outlet protection.
- A capacity analysis for the existing 15" RCP pipe is provided in the appendix of this report.

## **APPENDIX**

# **STORMWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM CALCULATIONS (PIPE SIZING)**



# DYNAMIC ENGINEERING

## Stormwater Collection System Calculations

Project: BPS - Assisted Living Facility    Computed By: SS  
Job #: 4496 22-01857                      Checked By: JH

Location: Montgomery                      Date: 12/14/2022  
Design Storm: 25 YR                      Revised: 2/22/2023

\*Basin outfall is based on 100 YR

### NOTES:

- 1) Design method used is Rational Method.
- 2) Refer to Weighted Runoff Coefficient table for calculation of incremental areas and C values.
- 3) 100YR storm outfall flows used for OCS structures.

PIPE SECTION		SUBCATCH MENT AREA	INCREMENTAL		CUMULATIVE	TIME OF CONCENTRATION			I	PEAK RUNOFF		PIPING INPUT			PIPING DATA			
FROM	TO	Area (Acres)	"C"	A x C    Ac	A x C (acres)	Tc to Inlet (min)	Tc in Pipe (min.)	Final Tc (min)	(In/Hr)	Q to Inlet (CFS)	Q cum. for Pipe (CFS)	Dia. (In)	Length (Ft)	Man. "n"	Slope (ft/ft)	Pipe Capacity (cfs)	Full Pipe Velocity (fps)	Actual Pipe Velocity (fps)
Inlet 58	MH 59	0.46	0.95	0.44	0.44	10.00	0.52	10.00	6.80	2.99	2.99	15	205.0	0.012	0.0134	8.10	6.60	5.74

## **CONDUIT OUTLET PROTECTION CALCULATIONS**

### Conduit Outlet Protection Calculations

Rip Rap Pad # ES A

#### Design Parameters:

Design Storm Flow for 25 Year, Q .....	5.54 cfs
Vertical Dimension of Outlet Pipe, $D_o$ .....	18 in
Horizontal Dimension of Outlet Pipe, $W_o$ .....	18 in
Tailwater Depth, $TW^1$ .....	2.60 ft

#### Apron Dimension Calculations:

Unit Discharge,  $q = Q/D_o = 3.69$  cfs per foot

##### • Case I: $TW < 1/2 D_o$

$$\text{Apron Length, } L_a = \frac{1.8q}{D_o^{1/2}} + 7D_o =$$

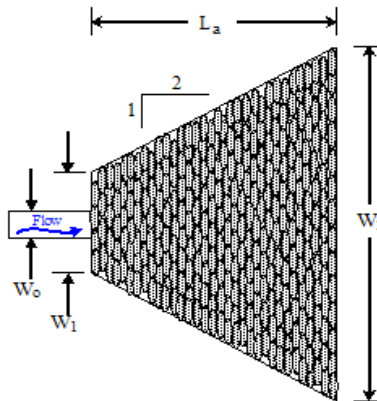
$$\text{Width, } W_1 = 3W_o =$$

$$\text{Width, } W_2 = 3W_o + L_a =$$

$$L_a =$$

$$W_1 =$$

$$W_2 =$$



##### • Case II: $TW \geq 1/2 D_o$

$$\text{Apron Length, } L_a = \frac{3q}{D_o^{1/2}} = 9.05 \text{ ft}$$

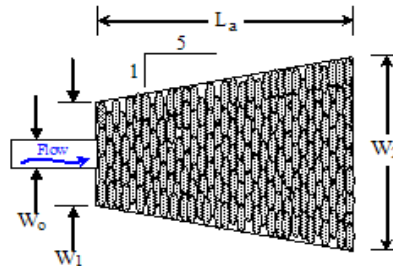
$$\text{Width, } W_1 = 3W_o = 4.5 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Width, } W_2 = 3W_o + 0.4L_a = 8.12 \text{ ft}$$

or  $L_a = 10 \text{ ft}$

or  $W_1 = 5 \text{ ft}$

or  $W_2 = 9 \text{ ft}$



#### Rip Rap Stone Size Calculations:

$$\text{Median Stone, } d_{50} = \frac{0.02q^{1.33}}{TW} = 0.52 \text{ in}$$

$$d_{50} = 6 \text{ in}$$

#### Notes:

1. Where there is a well-defined channel downstream of the apron, the bottom width of the apron shall be at least equal to the bottom width of the channel and the structural lining shall extend at least one foot above the tailwater elevation, but no lower than two-thirds of the vertical conduit dimension above the conduit invert.
2. The side slopes shall be 2:1 or flatter.
3. The bottom grade shall be 0.0% (level).
4. There shall be no overfall at the end of the apron or at the end of the culvert.
5. Fifty (50) percent by weight of the rip-rap mixture shall be smaller than the median size stone designated as  $d_{50}$ . The largest stone size in the mixture shall be 1.5 times the  $d_{50}$  size. The rip-rap shall be reasonably well graded.
6. The thickness of the rip-rap apron may be two (2) times the median stone diameter provided that the apron is constructed on a bedding of four (4) inches of 3/4 inch clean stone on approved filter fabric material.
7. Rip-rap and filter fabric shall meet the standards of the governing Soil Conservation District as well as the requirements of the local municipality.
8. No bends or curves at the intersection of the conduit and apron will be permitted.

#### Footnote:

1. Tailwater depth shall be the 2-year storm if discharging into a detention basin. For areas where tailwater cannot be computed, use  $TW = 0.2D_o$ .
2. For multiple pipes, increase rip-rap sizes by 25% when pipe spacing is greater than or equal to  $1/4W_o$ .



### Conduit Outlet Protection Calculations

Rip Rap Pad # **ES B**

#### Design Parameters:

Design Storm Flow for 25 Year, Q .....	2.67 cfs
Vertical Dimension of Outlet Pipe, $D_o$ .....	15 in
Horizontal Dimension of Outlet Pipe, $W_o$ .....	15 in
Tailwater Depth, $TW^1$ .....	2.61 ft

#### Apron Dimension Calculations:

Unit Discharge,  $q = Q/D_o = 2.14$  cfs per foot

##### • Case I: $TW < 1/2 D_o$

$$\text{Apron Length, } L_a = \frac{1.8q}{D_o^{1/2}} + 7D_o =$$

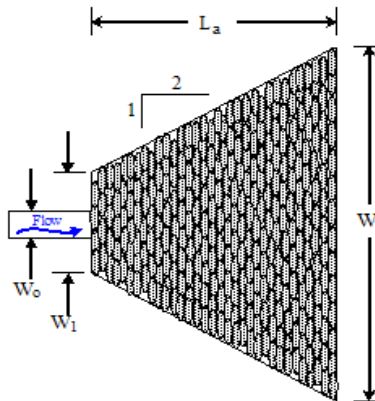
$$\text{Width, } W_1 = 3W_o =$$

$$\text{Width, } W_2 = 3W_o + L_a =$$

$$L_a =$$

$$W_1 =$$

$$W_2 =$$



##### • Case II: $TW \geq 1/2 D_o$

$$\text{Apron Length, } L_a = \frac{3q}{D_o^{1/2}} = 5.73 \text{ ft}$$

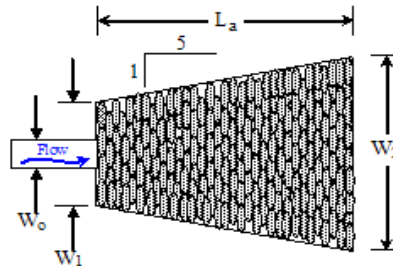
$$\text{Width, } W_1 = 3W_o = 3.75 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Width, } W_2 = 3W_o + 0.4L_a = 6.04 \text{ ft}$$

or  $L_a = 6 \text{ ft}$

or  $W_1 = 4 \text{ ft}$

or  $W_2 = 7 \text{ ft}$



#### Rip Rap Stone Size Calculations:

$$\text{Median Stone, } d_{50} = \frac{0.02q^{1.33}}{TW} = 0.25 \text{ in}$$

$$d_{50} = 6 \text{ in}$$

#### Notes:

- Where there is a well-defined channel downstream of the apron, the bottom width of the apron shall be at least equal to the bottom width of the channel and the structural lining shall extend at least one foot above the tailwater elevation, but no lower than two-thirds of the vertical conduit dimension above the conduit invert.
- The side slopes shall be 2:1 or flatter.
- The bottom grade shall be 0.0% (level).
- There shall be no overfall at the end of the apron or at the end of the culvert.
- Fifty (50) percent by weight of the rip-rap mixture shall be smaller than the median size stone designated as  $d_{50}$ . The largest stone size in the mixture shall be 1.5 times the  $d_{50}$  size. The rip-rap shall be reasonably well graded.
- The thickness of the rip-rap apron may be two (2) times the median stone diameter provided that the apron is constructed on a bedding of four (4) inches of 3/4 inch clean stone on approved filter fabric material.
- Rip-rap and filter fabric shall meet the standards of the governing Soil Conservation District as well as the requirements of the local municipality.
- No bends or curves at the intersection of the conduit and apron will be permitted.

#### Footnote:

- Tailwater depth shall be the 2-year storm if discharging into a detention basin. For areas where tailwater cannot be computed, use  $TW = 0.2D_o$ .
- For multiple pipes, increase rip-rap sizes by 25% when pipe spacing is greater than or equal to  $1/4W_o$ .

### Conduit Outlet Protection Calculations

Rip Rap Pad # 1

#### Design Parameters:

Design Storm Flow for 25 Year, Q .....	4.03 cfs
Vertical Dimension of Outlet Pipe, $D_o$ .....	15 in
Horizontal Dimension of Outlet Pipe, $W_o$ .....	15 in
Tailwater Depth, $TW^1$ .....	5.97 ft

#### Apron Dimension Calculations:

Unit Discharge,  $q = Q/D_o = 3.22$  cfs per foot

##### • Case I: $TW < 1/2 D_o$

$$\text{Apron Length, } L_a = \frac{1.8q}{D_o^{1/2}} + 7D_o =$$

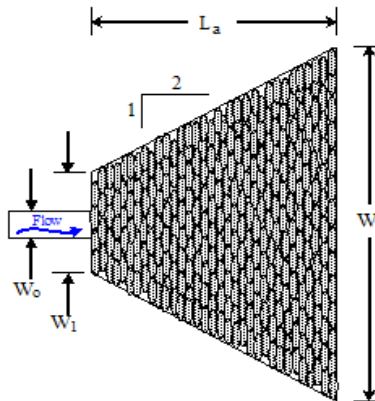
$$\text{Width, } W_1 = 3W_o =$$

$$\text{Width, } W_2 = 3W_o + L_a =$$

$$L_a =$$

$$W_1 =$$

$$W_2 =$$



##### • Case II: $TW \geq 1/2 D_o$

$$\text{Apron Length, } L_a = \frac{3q}{D_o^{1/2}} = 8.65 \text{ ft}$$

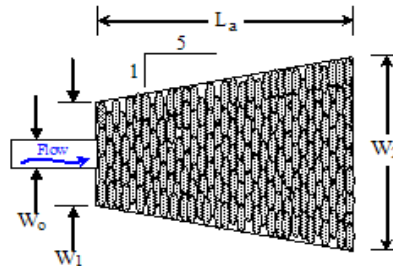
$$\text{Width, } W_1 = 3W_o = 3.75 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Width, } W_2 = 3W_o + 0.4L_a = 7.21 \text{ ft}$$

or  $L_a = 9 \text{ ft}$

or  $W_1 = 4 \text{ ft}$

or  $W_2 = 8 \text{ ft}$



#### Rip Rap Stone Size Calculations:

$$\text{Median Stone, } d_{50} = \frac{0.02q^{1.33}}{TW} = 0.19 \text{ in}$$

$$d_{50} = 6 \text{ in}$$

#### Notes:

1. Where there is a well-defined channel downstream of the apron, the bottom width of the apron shall be at least equal to the bottom width of the channel and the structural lining shall extend at least one foot above the tailwater elevation, but no lower than two-thirds of the vertical conduit dimension above the conduit invert.
2. The side slopes shall be 2:1 or flatter.
3. The bottom grade shall be 0.0% (level).
4. There shall be no overfall at the end of the apron or at the end of the culvert.
5. Fifty (50) percent by weight of the rip-rap mixture shall be smaller than the median size stone designated as  $d_{50}$ . The largest stone size in the mixture shall be 1.5 times the  $d_{50}$  size. The rip-rap shall be reasonably well graded.
6. The thickness of the rip-rap apron may be two (2) times the median stone diameter provided that the apron is constructed on a bedding of four (4) inches of 3/4 inch clean stone on approved filter fabric material.
7. Rip-rap and filter fabric shall meet the standards of the governing Soil Conservation District as well as the requirements of the local municipality.
8. No bends or curves at the intersection of the conduit and apron will be permitted.

#### Footnote:

1. Tailwater depth shall be the 2-year storm if discharging into a detention basin. For areas where tailwater cannot be computed, use  $TW = 0.2D_o$ .
2. For multiple pipes, increase rip-rap sizes by 25% when pipe spacing is greater than or equal to  $1/4W_o$ .

## **GRASS SWALE CALCULATIONS**

## Grass Swale

<b>Flow To Inlet, Q</b>		
24" RCP @ 2.28% SL Fully Flowing	34.15	CFS
15" RCP @ 0.69% SL Fully Flowing	5.36	CFS
Peak Rate of Runoff (Q) =	39.51	CFS

<b>Default Values</b>			
Actual Flow=	39.51	CFS	
Slope of Swale =	0.015	ft/ft	
Max Allowable Velocity =	4.5	ft/s	
Side Slopes =	0.33	ft/ft	
Bottom Width =	10	ft	

<b>Capacity</b>			
Depth (Estimated Value)	1.20	ft	(From Figure A6-8)
Hydraulic Radius (R) =	0.90	ft	(From Figure A6-3)
Cross-Sect. Flow Area =	15.00	SF	(From Figure A6-8)
Velocity =	4.5	ft/s	Assumed Value
Calculated Flow Capacity =	67.50	CFS	<b>Capacity Achieved</b>

<b>Stability</b>			
Depth (Estimated Value)	0.75	ft	(From Figure A6-8)
Hydraulic Radius (R) =	0.62	ft	(From Figure A6-4)
Cross-Sect. Flow Area =	9.00	SF	(From Figure A6-8)
Velocity =	4.5	ft/s	Assumed Value
Calculated Flow Capacity =	40.50	CFS	<b>Stability Achieved</b>

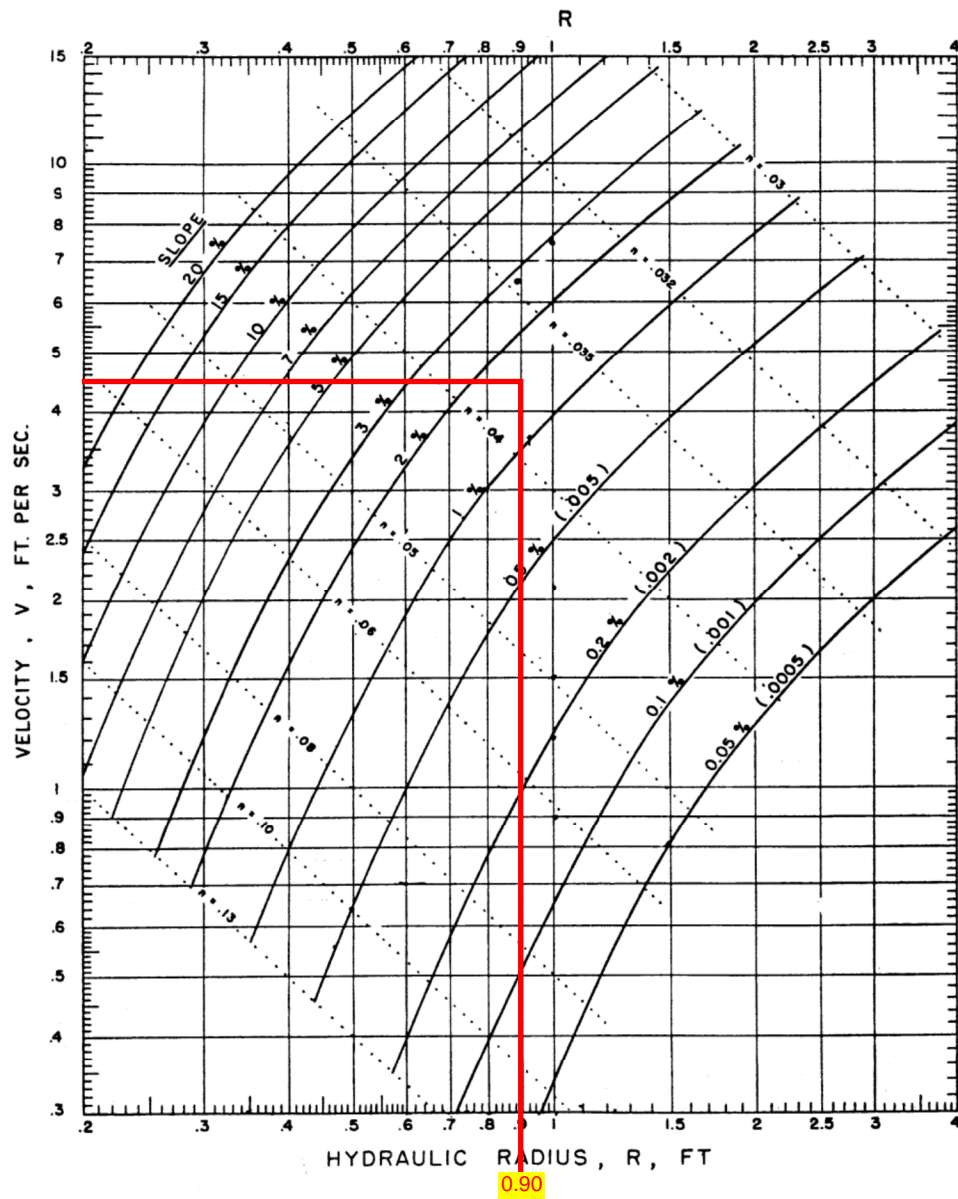
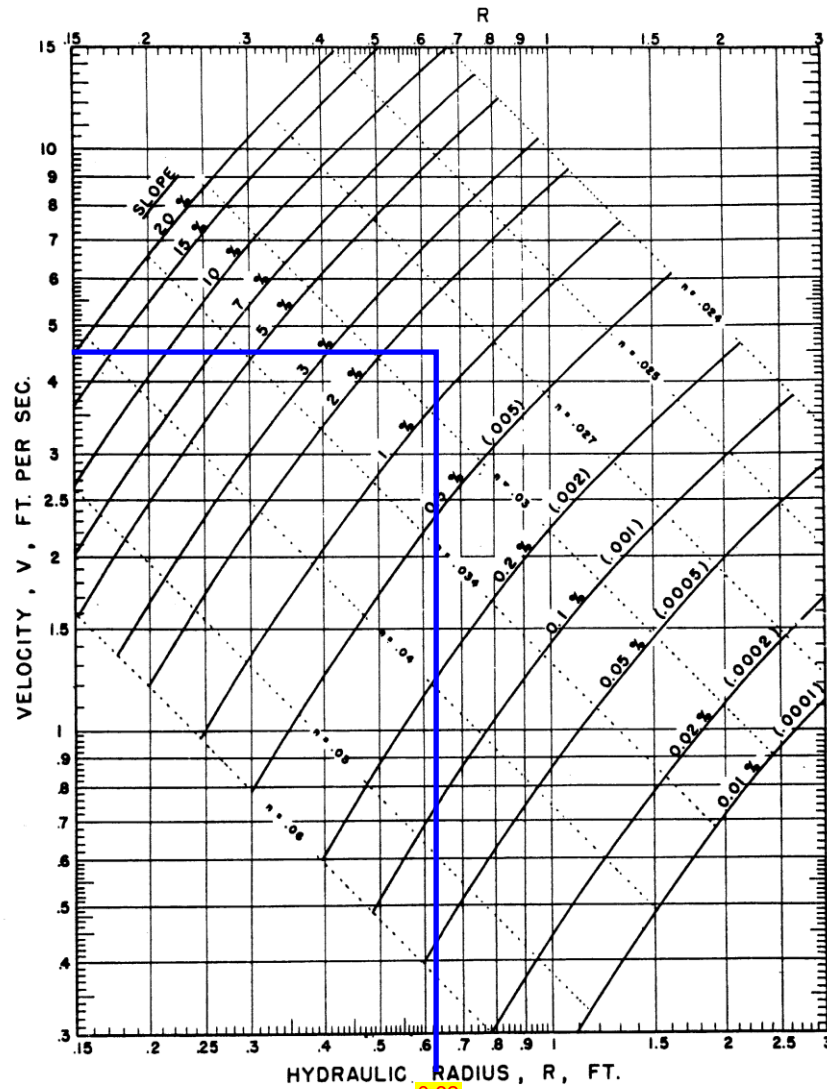


FIGURE A6-3

SOLUTION OF THE MANNING FORMULA FOR RETARDANCE D (LOW VEGETAL RETARDANCE)



0.62  
FIGURE A6-4

SOLUTION OF THE MANNING FORMULA FOR RETARDANCE  $E$  (VERY LOW VEGETAL RETARDANCE)

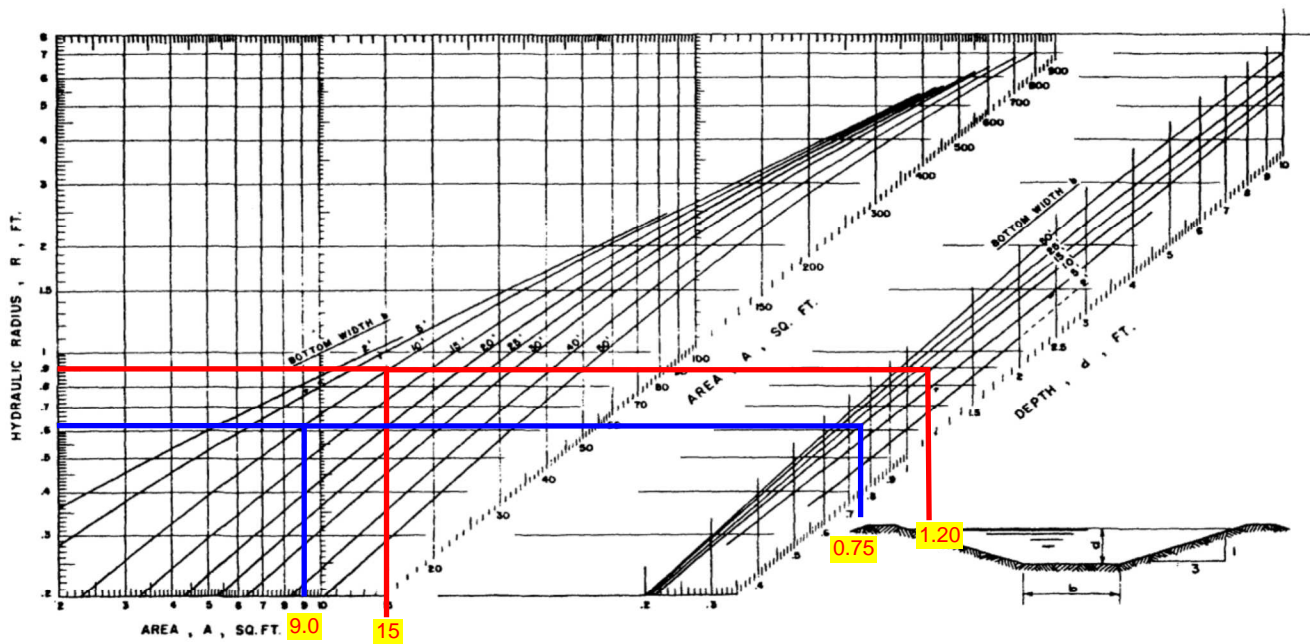


FIGURE A6-8

DIMENSIONS OF TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNELS WITH 3 TO 1 SIDE SLOPES

## **INLET AREA MAPS**



